WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

and an area of the gate electrode.

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| 1 | 1. A semiconductor device formed by combining and placing previously registered |
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| 2 | functional blocks, and determining a wiring pattern in accordance with given logical circuit |
| 3 | specifications, said semiconductor device comprising: |
| 4 | a first functional block including at least one of: |
| 5 | a first conduction type diode having a first conduction type diffusion layer connected |
| 6 | to an input pin of the first functional block and a second conduction type well connected to a |
| 7 | second power supply, and, |
| 8 | a second conduction type diode having a second conduction type diffusion layer |
| 9 | connected to the input pin and a first conduction type well connected to a first power supply; and |
| 10 | a second functional block including the same logic and the same drive capability as the first |
| 11 | functional block but not containing said first or second conduction type diode, |
| 12 | wherein either the first functional block or the second functional block is selectively used |
| 13 | depending on whether or not a wiring conductor conducting to the input pin and a gate electrode |
| 14 | becomes an antenna ratio exceeding an allowed antenna ratio in said semiconductor device when |
| 15 | the antenna ratio is a ratio between an area of the wiring conductor conducting to the gate electrode |

2. A semiconductor device design method for forming a semiconductor device by combining and placing previously registered functional blocks, and determining a wiring pattern in accordance with given logical circuit specifications, said design method comprising:

a registration step of previously registering a first functional block having a first conduction type diode comprising a first conduction type diffusion layer connected to an input pin of the functional block, and a second conduction type well connected to a second power supply or a second conduction type diode comprising a second conduction type diffusion layer connected to the input pin and a first conduction type well connected to a first power supply and a second functional block having the same logic as and the same drive capability as the first functional block but not containing the first or second conduction type diode;

a determination step of determining whether or not a wiring conductor conducting to the input pin and a gate electrode becomes an antenna ratio exceeding an allowed antenna ratio in said semiconductor device when the antenna ratio is a ratio between an area of the wiring conductor conducting to the gate electrode and an area of the gate electrode; and

a selection step of selectively using the first functional block, if said determination step determines that the input pin conducts to the gate electrode exceeding the antenna ratio.

| 3. | A computer-readable recording medium storing the semiconductor device design |
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| method as cl | aimed in claim 2 as a program for causing a computer to execute the semiconductor |
| device design | n method. |

4. A semiconductor device design support system for automatically forming a semiconductor device by combining and placing previously registered functional blocks, and determining a wiring pattern in accordance with given logical circuit specifications, said design support system comprising:

registration means for previously registering a first functional block having a first conduction type diode comprising a first conduction type diffusion layer connected to an input pin of the functional block and a second conduction type well connected to a second power supply or a second conduction type diode comprising a second conduction type diffusion layer connected to the input pin and a first conduction type well connected to a first power supply and a second functional block having the same logic as and the same drive capability as the first functional block but not containing the first or second conduction type diode and;

determination means for determining whether or not a wiring conductor conducting to the input pin and a gate electrode becomes an antenna ratio exceeding an allowed antenna ratio in said semiconductor device when the antenna ratio is a ratio between an area of the working conductor conducting to the gate electrode and an area of the gate electrode; and

selection means for selectively using the first functional block, if said determination means determines that the input pin conducts to the gate electrode exceeding the antenna ratio.